

THE WEATHER

Fair and Warmer Tonight and Sunday

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Copper 32.32
Lead 1194.12
Quicksilver 883

VOL. XVII No. 14

TONOPAH, NEVADA, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 30, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

SANGUINARY FIGHTING IS NOW GOING ON IN FRANCE

Germans Take Strong Positions, Only to be Driven Out by French

War Will Be Won By Last Crust, Say the Germans

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, June 30.—According to the Kreuz Zeitung, of Berlin, the Prussian food controller, Dr. Michael, announced that a military house to house search for foodstuffs which was impounded, resulted in the addition of only about four per cent in stocks. He appealed to the public to face every privation until victory, which he says will be won not by the last bullet, but by the last crust.

LONDON, June 30.—Baron Rhonda, food controller, said: "While we should not be too optimistic for we cannot tell what the morrow may bring forth, there is no fear at present that the Germans can force England to adopt compulsory rationing by submarine war."

DRYS MUST REVISE NATIONAL DEMANDS

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—The organized prohibition forces conferred with the "dry" senators today to determine their attitude. The anti saloon league is expected to announce its decision to the president and it is generally agreed that the best the prohibitionists can hope for now is legislation dealing with distilled beverages.

FOUR MEN KILLED BY THE EXPLOSION

VICTIMS OF WRECKED MUNITIONS PLANT IN COLORADO INCLUDED SUPERINTENDENT

(By Associated Press.)
TRINIDAD, Colo., June 30.—Four men including Superintendent J. B. Jeandell, were killed and ten injured as the result of an explosion which wrecked two buildings of the E. I. DuPont de Nemours company at Augusta, near Aguilar, in this county, late yesterday.

William Wilson, one of those injured, will die. The cause of the explosion has not been determined. Officials at the plant declined to make any statement concerning the affair. The crash shattered windows half a mile away. The plant comprises six buildings, all widely scattered.

BREAK INTO BANK TO ATTACH BOOKS

FAILURE OF PRIVATE BANK CALLS FOR DRASTIC ACTION BY THE LAW

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, June 30.—The private banking firm of Graham & Son, the deposits of which have been estimated at from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 and which held an important place in the financial and industrial affairs of the west side, closed its doors yesterday. An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed an hour later after 15 detectives, directed by an assistant state attorney, broke down the rear doors of the bank with crowbars and seized all of the bank's records.

The bank was founded by Andrew Graham, for many years prominent in Illinois politics. He died a year ago, since when his sons, Ralph and Frank, have been in charge of the business. The bankruptcy petition was filed by William Small, Jr., John Kohn and John Heilbad, owners of claims aggregating \$5000 each.

Frank Graham said the bank was perfectly solvent and attributed the demands for war contributions a shortage in currency.

"I had received information that some of the officers and employees planned to remove some of the bank's property," said Macley Hoynes, states attorney, explaining why he had ordered the records seized.

(By Associated Press.)
ROME, June 30.—Italian advance posts have withdrawn from Anello Pass below Trent owing to a prolonged and violent Austrian bombardment. They still hold the eastern end of the pass.

FEARFUL SLAUGHTER INFLICTED ON THE CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY IN EFFORT TO RETRIEVE LOSS

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, June 30.—A series of strongly organized defensive systems on both banks of the Souche, covering Lens, have been captured by the British, who also advanced over a mile about Lens in recent operations.

Germans Attack Verdun.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, June 30.—Germans have resumed violent attacks on the Verdun front west of Deadman hill. Picked Germans advanced on a sector of one and three-fourths miles and were almost annihilated by the French. The Germans penetrated the first French line over the entire front attacked, but were driven out, except on the west slope of Deadman Hill.

Americans Arrive.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, June 30.—The first expeditionary unit of American troops in command of Major General Wm. Siebert have arrived safely at a French port. The arrival of the second contingent has already been announced.

The French made a counter attack

ARMED FORCE AT IRISH ELECTIONS

SOLDIERY SUPPLEMENTED BY FIELD GUNS ARRIVE IN COUNTY CLARE

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, June 30.—The Central News correspondent at Ennis, County Clare, Ireland, says that 500 infantrymen with machine guns have arrived for duty during the Clare election. Count Plunkett arrived. The correspondent adds that some excitement was caused during the day by the discovery that a wreath placed on the O'Connell monument had been removed by Sinn Feiners and the republican colors substituted for it.

TRANSPORTS BESET BY SUBMARINES

EXCITING PASSAGE OF U. S. TROOPS THROUGH THE DANGER ZONE

(By Associated Press.)
FRENCH PORT, June 30.—The American transports had an exciting trip through the submarine zone with frequent warning of submarines. They traveled at high speed. Boats and life rafts were made quickly available and the watches were reinforced. No sickness occurred except unimportant cases of mumps.

Whether Brazil will supplement its action by a formal declaration of war is regarded doubtful because the government is inclined to regard its action as defensive rather than aggressive.

RUSHING NATIONAL GUARDS FOR MOBILIZATION CAMPS

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—Reports from Major General Pershing of the landing of American troops in France still are lacking.

Marine corps officers were eager to learn whether the regiment of sea-soldiers under Colonel Deyon, which formed part of the initial force, was first to land.

Preparation of the great forces that are to support those already dispatched are moving steadily ahead both in the army and navy. The national guard when drafted into federal service and mobilized, will be sent at once to the divisional training camp sites in the southeast.

west of Hill 304 and took back most of the trenches lost Thursday. On the Aisne, the Germans attacked north of Cerny, using burning liquid, but were driven back.

Germans Claim Gains.

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, June 30.—The Germans captured several enemy lines south of Labovelle farm on the Aisne front. They also took a line 500 meters long on the eastern slope of Hill No. 304.

Russians Grow Active.

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, June 30.—Russian activity east of Galicia indicated that attacks are contemplated, as a strong Russian destructive fire is maintained.

(By Associated Press.)
The French and Germans are engaged in intensive fighting in the region of Cerny and Cerbeny in the Soissons-Rheims sector and around Hill No. 204, and in the Avocourt wood, near Verdun, while the British are continuing their operations having

FAIL TO RECRUIT REGULAR ARMY

ONLY NINE STATES FILL QUOTA OF ENLISTED MEN AFTER HARD DRIVE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—The president's plan to bring the regular army to 300,000 by tonight proved a failure. It is still 50,000 short of the 300,000 mark. Nevada was first to fill its quota and supplied 641 on an allotment of 162. Idaho, Illinois, Michigan, Montana, Oregon, Utah and Wyoming also exceeded their quotas.

BRAZIL'S NAVY ON THE ALERT

WILL CO-OPERATE WITH AMERICANS IN RUNNING DOWN SUBMARINES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—Brazil's navy has been co-operating with the American fleet in South American waters in hunting down German raiders and watching for submarines. The sending of a special mission to Brazil to arrange for a greater co-ordination of forces is under consideration. Without a formal declaration of war Brazil has thus practically joined the United States against Germany.

Whether Brazil will supplement its action by a formal declaration of war is regarded doubtful because the government is inclined to regard its action as defensive rather than aggressive.

MINERS TAKE PLACE OF TOOL SHARPENERS

(By Associated Press.)
BUTTE, Mont., June 30.—The first effort to bring the electricians into

The first force to be made ready must be the regular army expanded to 300,000. The officers' training camps, where 50,000 men are under arms, have also absorbed an enormous quantity of reserve equipment. The government is taking steps to look after the comforts of the troops in France in addition to its regular military preparations. The state department has asked that the French duty on tobacco be remitted for new supplies sent to the American forces there. Great Britain secured a similar agreement at the outbreak of the war as the high French duties, if imposed on soldiers' luxuries, would be almost prohibitive.

The greatest problem which faces the war department is to find supplies for the still increasing hosts of national guardsmen which move to its mobilization camps some time in July or August.

Pershing Pays Compliment To First U. S. Expedition

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, June 30.—Major General Pershing on returning to headquarters after a quick trip to the port of debarkation, said: "The landing of the first American troops was successful. Not a man or animal was lost or injured in this remarkable transport of a large force across the ocean, and there was not a single case of serious sickness. The man landed in splendid morale, with a keen, confident, eager spirit and their physical appearance was truly inspiring. All are fine, husky young fellows with a glow of energy, good health and vigor which make them credit alongside any troops. They are well housed, and camped on high ground."

The battle around Cerny has been sanguinary, positions several times changing hands, but at last reports remaining in the hands of the Germans, who after several attempts won them from the French, but at the cost of heavy casualties.

Southeast of Cerny, the Germans along the Laon-Rheims road attempted to force the French line, but were repulsed with heavy losses.

According to the Berlin war office, the Germans have captured French positions along the Malancourt-Epene road in the Verdun sector 2000 meters in length and to a depth of 500 meters and repulsed French attacks delivered in an endeavor to regain the lost ground. The claim is also made that in the Avocourt wood the Germans stormed a French position, over a front of 300 meters.

Field Marshal Haig's forces in an offensive in the region of Oppy have taken German positions on a front of 2000 yards and have forced their way into the town of Avion, two miles south of Lens.

INCREASED FREIGHT RATES ARE REJECTED

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.—The interstate commerce commission yesterday denied the plea of the railroads of the United States for a horizontal increase of fifteen per cent in freight rates.

In its decision the commission indicated willingness to increase class rates in the eastern district approximately fourteen per cent. Since about one-fourth of the freight handled is moved under class rates, the decision virtually allows the eastern lines about four per cent increase in gross freight revenue. Increases sought in rates on coal, coke and iron ore will be granted.

The commission found as a result of extended hearings that the carriers generally show a substantial and increasing prosperity and that they have ample resources with which to conduct transportation.

Little sympathy was given the arguments of the roads that they were victims of war prices, the committee holding that the carriers have profited by the mobilization of troops.

The commission suspended the proposed tariffs until October 28, but it indicated that no rehearing of the case will be of value at this time and suggested cancellation of the tariffs.

The committee finds that the gloomy forecasts of jeopardized incomes, seen by railroad officials early in 1917 have not been borne out by the figures available for later months.

The proceedings were brought in March, when the returns from February were just being made. February was one of the worst months in railroad history. The subsequent months have shown increasing revenues, while expenses have in many cases failed to mount to the extent the carriers' officials feared.

MONSTER FIGHTING MACHINE LAUNCHED

(By Associated Press.)
CAMDEN, N. J., June 30.—Another monster fighting machine for the navy, the dreadnaught Idaho, was launched today. Navy designers declare it is impossible to sing her with a single torpedo owing to changes in the hull. She will carry 800 men and is a sister ship to the Pennsylvania.

a conference with the Montana Power company failed when the electricians refused to meet the company officials. It is expected that a conference will be arranged later.

It was stated officially that the mine companies are using miners as tool sharpeners since the blacksmiths struck and that with the limited force of men underground the mines will be able to get a sufficient number of drills to keep all the miners who want to work busy for a number of days.

MINOR LEAGUES WILL HOLD THEIR TERRITORIAL RIGHTS

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, June 30.—Minor leagues forced to suspend before the close of the regular season will not

lose their players or territorial rights, according to a ruling of the governing board of the national association.

PROTEST FILED WITH DANISH GOVERNMENT

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, June 30.—Reliable information states that Dr. Maurice Egan, American minister to Copenhagen, delivered a protest to the Danish foreign office against the anti-American utterances of M. Stauning, Socialist member of the Danish cabinet at the Stockholm peace conference.

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT HAROLD LOCKWOOD and MAY ALLISON

"THE PROMISE" Everyone should see it! Good.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN "THE VAGABOND" That's All.

TOMORROW

Blanche Sweet and Mollie King in a double bill.

Mattinee 1:30, Night 7:15 & 9:45 Admission 10c-15c